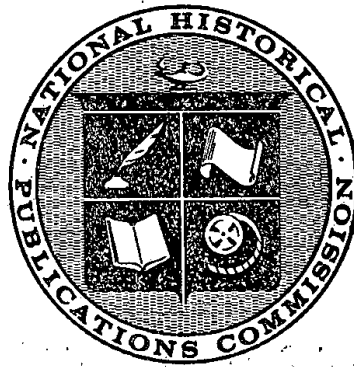


# HAMOND NAVAL PAPERS

1766-1825

MICROFILM / PUBLICATIONS

*Number Two*



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The publication of this guide and of the microfilm publication it describes was made possible by a grant from the National Historical Publications Commission.

“The lost cannot be recovered; but let us save what remains; not by vaults and locks which fence them from the public eye and use, in consigning them to the waste of time, but by such a multiplication of copies, as shall place them beyond the reach of accident.”

*Thomas Jefferson*

## Notes

**COVER:** the vessel is copied from a sketch, probably by Graham Eden Hamond, entitled "A Ketch"; the anchor and lettering are copied from the backstrip of Volume Ten of *The Hamond Naval Papers*.

**FRONTISPIECE:** the coat-of-arms is copied from the bookplate of Graham Eden Hamond found in Volume Ten of *The Hamond Naval Papers*.

**QUOTATION:** the statement on page five of this *Guide* is from a letter of Thomas Jefferson to Ebenezer Hazard dated February 18, 1791.

# Preface

The microfilm edition of *The Hamond Naval Papers, 1766—1825*, has been prepared with the aid and cooperation of numerous individuals. The project, sponsored jointly by the University of Virginia Library and the National Historical Publications Commission, was made possible by a grant from the latter organization. Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, Executive Director of the Commission, and Fred Shelley, Assistant to the Executive Director, have been most helpful and encouraging through every phase of the work leading to the completion of this edition on microfilm.

The editorial work at the University of Virginia has been greatly facilitated by the close support of many members of the university community. Valuable assistance and advice have been readily available from John Cook Wyllie, Robert E. Stocking, Anne Freudenberg, and Edmund Berkeley, Jr., of the library staff. Professors Edward Younger, Merrill D. Peterson, and Bernard Mayo, of the Corcoran Department of History, have inspired us with their continued interest in our work. Francis M. Moore, of the Department of Graphics, has worked with us throughout, and has designed much of this *Guide* and the layout of the film. Charles E. Moran, Jr., of the University Printing Office, has willingly contributed his time and his knowledge in the production of the *Guide*.

W. H. Moomaw, President of Stratford College in Danville, Virginia, expressed a keen interest in our work, and shared with us his knowledge of the Hamonds. Dr. Moomaw, who based both his thesis and his dissertation on the Hamond Papers, is the leading authority on the subject. We feel honored that he contributed his time and advice so generously.

John L. Molyneaux, *assistant editor: Hamond Papers*, has executed the arrangement and prepared most of the description contained herein. Much of the credit for the success of this edition must go to him.

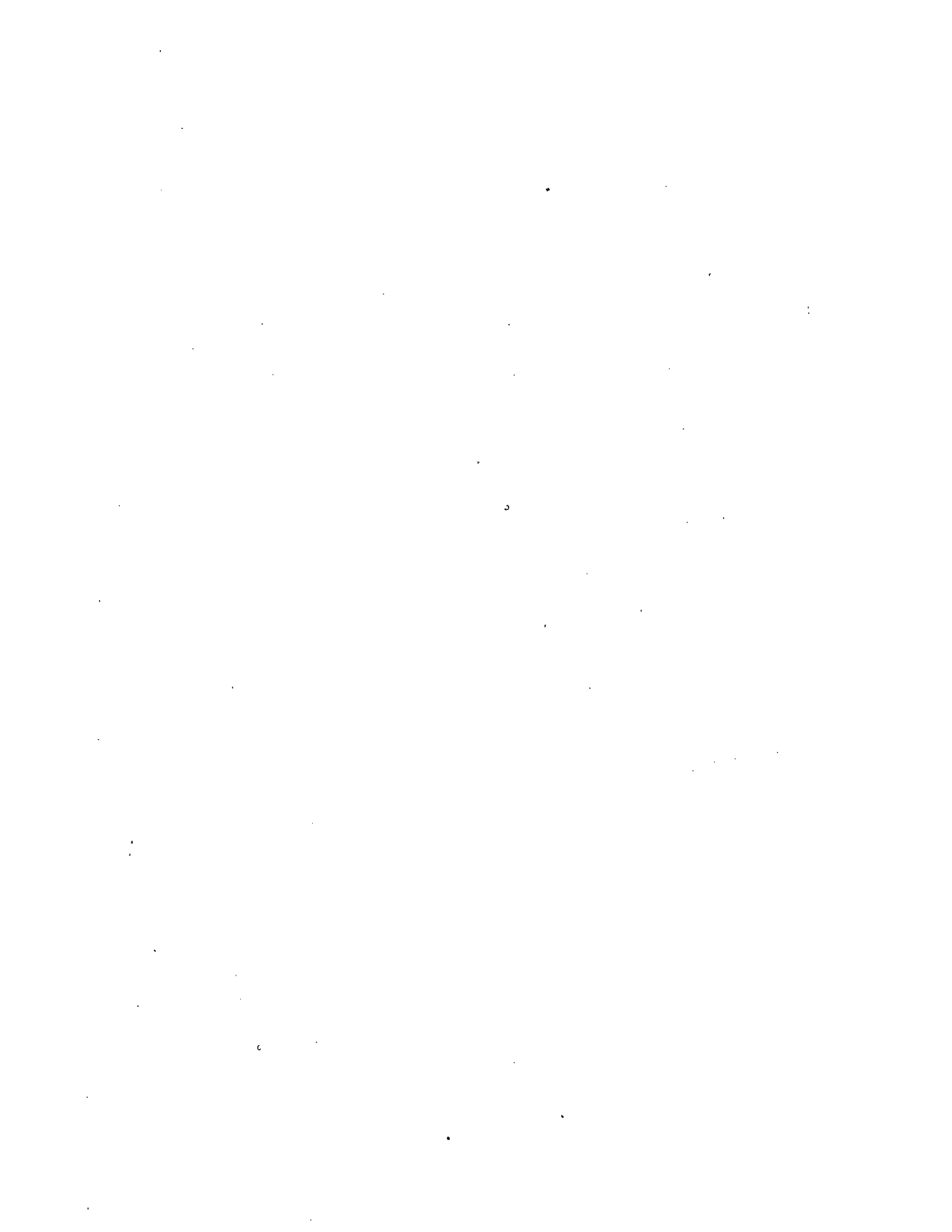
The other members of our staff have been eager to help with the preparation of this microfilm publication. Mary F. Crouch, *assistant editor*, Laurie R. Geary, *editorial assistant*, and Barbara M. Calliott, *photographer*, have borne up admirably; without them, the completion of this publication would have been considerably more difficult.

Paul P. Hoffman, *Editor*

Charlottesville, Virginia  
December 1, 1966

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# General Introduction

The creation in 1934 of the National Historical Publications Commission marked a vital turning point in the federal government's attitude toward the preservation and publication of documents significant to American history. The Commission, as a centralized coordinating establishment free from political patronage, is the ideal agency for the encouragement of documentary publications. After a relatively inactive period caused by World War II, the Commission has commanded the interest and respect of successive presidents, from Harry S Truman to Lyndon B. Johnson. Before 1964, major emphasis was placed upon the support of comprehensive letterpress projects, but in that year a program was initiated to support, in addition, documentary publications in microfilm editions. The University of Virginia was among the first institutions to receive a grant-in-aid under the new program, and our first effort, *The Lee Family Papers, 1742-1795*, was published in June 1966.

*The Hamond Naval Papers, 1766-1825*, consists of two segments: the papers of Captain Andrew Snape Hamond, 1766-1783, and those of his son, Admiral Graham Eden Hamond, 1799-1825. Andrew Snape Hamond's papers are primarily concerned with British naval operations during the American Revolutionary War, and, as such, are a natural successor to the Lee papers. The Hamond material consists mainly of documents of an official nature and includes very little personal or private writings. The private material included is of prime importance, however; A. S. Hamond's autobiography and his "Account" of his activities in the war are among the finest surviving narratives on the subject.

Andrew Snape Hamond is a fine example of an eighteenth-century naval officer. He was the son of Robert Hamond, a London merchant and ship-owner, who obtained an appointment for him as a midshipman when he was fourteen. His

steady advancement in the Royal Navy is well documented in his autobiography, and was based upon his skill and his good fortune in enlisting the friendship and patronage of men of rank in his cause. Among these men was Admiral Hawke, who was so impressed by a feat of Hamond's seamanship that he arranged a Lieutenant's commission for him on Lord Howe's ship, the *Magnanime*, in 1759. Lord Richard Howe himself became Hamond's lifelong benefactor and friend, and was instrumental in obtaining several commands for him. The Earl of Sandwich, as First Lord of the Admiralty in 1763, was endeared to the young officer who so boldly evaded customs officials in delivering a cargo of the First Lord's wine. This deed proved most beneficial to Hamond when Sandwich returned to the Admiralty for eleven years in 1771. With such friends, he was able to rise to a position of prominence in the Royal Navy.

The highlights of Hamond's active naval career came during the American Revolution. During his service in the coastal rivers of Pennsylvania and Virginia, he mastered the specialized art of river warfare. On this experience he based his advice to General William Howe and Admiral Richard Howe to undertake the attack on Philadelphia in 1777 through Delaware Bay. The Howes decided, against Hamond's judgment, to launch the attack through Chesapeake Bay. In the subsequent Parliamentary enquiry into the campaign (1779), however, he supported the Howes, and testified that the decision to follow the Chesapeake route was sound.

One of Hamond's achievements in the war was his success in the rôle of arbiter in the dispute between Major General Sir Henry Clinton and Rear Admiral Marriot Arbuthnot. The issue was over lightening the ships which were transporting and protecting Clinton's forces in the attack on Charleston, South Carolina, in 1780. Arbuthnot held that his duty was simply to provide transportation to Charleston, and that he had no obligation to take the ships across the bar to disembark the troops. Hamond convinced Arbuthnot to cooperate, and, but for his counsel, Charleston might not have fallen.

In 1781 and 1782 Hamond held the offices of Lieutenant-governor of Nova Scotia, Commissioner of the Navy, and Com-

mander-in-Chief of H. M. Ships at Halifax, and devoted much effort to the development of Halifax as a naval port. In a letter from Lord Shelburne in 1782, he was instructed to continue his efforts to prevent Nova Scotia from joining the colonies in revolt. John Bartlett Brebner, in *The Neutral Yankees of Nova Scotia* (New York, 1937), says that Hamond "was convinced that peace was imminent abroad and should be reflected within Nova Scotia." In light of his conviction and his orders, Hamond temporarily pacified Nova Scotia's Assembly by ending the attempt to gain control of the purse of the colony begun by his immediate predecessors. It is significant that little of his tenure in Nova Scotia is mentioned in his autobiography; this may be explained in part by disappointment at not being appointed Governor. He had been promised this position by Lord George Germain, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, but with the fall of North's government in 1782, he was passed over. As a consolation he was created a baronet on the Christmas honors list of 1783.

A. S. Hamond held two other active commands before ill health cast him ashore permanently in 1793. He subsequently went to the Navy Board, and was Comptroller of the Navy from 1794 to 1806. The collection at the University of Virginia Library does not cover his career after 1783; the only information after that date is contained in his autobiography, which continues through 1794.

Graham Eden Hamond's way in the Royal Navy was considerably eased by the influence of his father. He went to sea as a servant on his father's ship at the age of six; by the age of nineteen he was a captain. Hamond's papers are primarily concerned with naval operations in the Napoleonic era, particularly in the Mediterranean theater. He was senior officer at Malta for several months in 1805 and 1806. In this period his records are most complete and describe activities surrounding Britain's abortive invasion of the Kingdom of Naples and subsequent establishment on Sicily. He held several other commands, in 1808-1809, 1813-1814, and 1824-1825. In 1825 he was promoted to flag rank, a position which his father never attained. G. E. Hamond's last active service was as Commander-in-Chief of the South American station, 1834-1838, where he

was advanced to Vice Admiral in 1837. In recognition of his distinguished career he was later promoted to Admiral, then to the honorary rank of Admiral of the Fleet. Unfortunately, his surviving papers do not contain personal accounts or memoirs and are not as comprehensive as his father's.

We are pleased to be able to present this relatively unknown, but eminently valuable body of material. For a thorough understanding of the Revolutionary period it is mandatory to examine the British as well as the American attitudes. The three rolls of microfilm and this *Guide*, which comprise the microfilm edition of *The Hamond Papers, 1766-1825*, should serve as an excellent source for such a study.

# Provenance

The Hamond Papers at the University of Virginia Library consist chiefly of records of letters received and sent, and orders received and issued directly related to the naval commands and duties of Captain Andrew Snape Hamond and Admiral Graham Eden Hamond. These various letter and order books were created by the Hamonds to serve them as quick and accurate reference sources. The manuscript books written by A. S. Hamond were composed for the information of his family and descendants.

These papers were acquired by the Tracy W. McGregor Library of the University of Virginia in three separate purchases. In November 1939 the bulk of the A. S. Hamond materials was purchased at public auction in New York. This group consists of Hamond's autobiography, an account of his part in the American Revolution, and the eight bound volumes — letterbooks and orderbooks — numbered III through X in the "Description of the Collection" below.

The second purchase was in July 1953, when the twenty-three letters of the A. S. Hamond—Hans Stanley correspondence were acquired. The third purchase occurred in January 1954, and consisted of the Graham Eden Hamond materials: the letterbooks and orderbooks numbered XI through XIV in the "Description" below. These last two purchases were made through dealers in London.



## Bibliographical Note

Certain portions of the Andrew Snape Hamond materials have been extensively utilized by W. H. Moomaw. Dr. Moomaw edited Hamond's autobiography as his thesis for a Master of Arts degree at the University of Virginia (1953), and this valuable piece of scholarship is included in this microfilm publication. Moomaw's doctoral dissertation, also at the University of Virginia, is entitled "The Naval Career of Captain Hamond, 1775-1779" (1955). Moomaw has utilized the Hamond Papers in three articles: "The Admiral and the Captain," in *The John P. Branch Historical Papers of Randolph-Macon College*, N. S. IV (1955), 25-42, in which he has edited twelve letters between Hamond and his superior, Rear Admiral John Montagu, dated 1772; "The British Leave Colonial Virginia," in the *Virginia Magazine of History and Biography*, LXVI (1958), 147-160; and "Denouement of General Howe's Campaign of 1777," *English Historical Review*, LXXIX (1964), 498-512.

The University of Virginia Library has certain supplementary materials on microfilm. These films consist of materials relating to A. S. Hamond and his commands in the period 1775-1783 from the National Maritime Museum, Greenwich, England; the Public Record Office, London; and the Public Archives of Canada, Ottawa.





# Chronologies

## Andrew Snape Hamond

- 1738 December 17    born, Blackheath
- 1753 February      enters Navy as Midshipman
- 1755                  rated Master's Mate
- 1758                  passes Lieutenant's examinations
- 1759 June 20        commissioned Lieutenant on the *Magnanime*, 74
- 1763 April            marries Cecilia Sutherland (who died 1764)
- 1763 April 20        commands the cutter *Grace*
- 1765                  promoted to master and commander on half pay, then in France until 1767
- 1767—1769          commands the sloop *Savage* off Ireland and Newfoundland
- 1770 December 7    posted Captain, commands the *Barfleur*, 90, Admiral Howe's flagship
- 1771—1773          commands the *Arethusa*, 32, on the North American station
- 1773—1775          on half pay
- 1775—1780          commands the *Roebuck*, 44, on the North American station

- |                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| 1778 December     | knighted   |
| 1779 March 7      | marries Ann Graeme (by whom he had a son and a daughter)   |
| 1781—1782         | Lieutenant-governor of Nova Scotia, Commissioner of the Navy, and Commander-in-Chief of H. M. Ships at Halifax |
| 1783 December 10  | created baronet  |
| 1783—1785         | on half pay  |
| 1785—1788         | Commodore and Commander-in-Chief in River Medway and at the Nore   |
| 1792              | second in command of the Channel Fleet under Viscount Hood   |
| 1793              | Extra Commissioner on the Navy Board   |
| 1794 February     | Deputy Comptroller of the Navy   |
| 1794—1806         | Comptroller of the Navy  |
| 1796—1806         | Member of Parliament for Ipswich   |
| 1806              | retires  |
| 1828 September 12 | dies at his residence near Lynn, Norfolk   |

## Graham Eden Hamond

- 1779 December 30 born, London
- 1785 September 3 enters Navy as servant to his father on the *Irresistible*, 74
- 1796 October 19 commissioned Lieutenant
- 1798 November 30 posted Captain in the *Champion*, 24
- 1801 April at battle of Copenhagen in the *Blanche*, 36
- 1803 Feb.—Nov. commands the *Plantagenet*, 74
- 1804—1806 commands the *Lively*, 38; active in the Mediterranean
- 1806 December 30 marries Elizabeth Kimber (by whom he had two sons and three daughters)
- 1808—1809 commands the *Victorious*, 74
- 1813—1814 commands the *Rivoli*, 74
- 1824—1825 commands the *Wellesley*, 74, then the *Spartiate*, 74
- 1825 May 27 commissioned Rear Admiral
- 1828 September 12 succeeds to baronetcy on the death of his father
- 1834—1838 Commander-in-Chief, South American station
- 1837 January 10 commissioned Vice Admiral
- 1847 January 22 commissioned Admiral

- 1862 November 10    commissioned Admiral of the Fleet
- 1862 December 20    dies at Norton Lodge, Freshwater, Isle  
of Wight

## Editorial Procedure

The editor's primary responsibility in a microfilm publication is to present the documents and papers of a manuscript collection in the simplest and most usable form. With this end in mind we have refrained entirely from annotation beyond the identification of items. The only additional targets which appear on the microfilm explain the actual arrangement of the collection.

*The Hamond Papers, 1766—1825*, consist of twenty-three private letters of A. S. Hamond, fourteen bound manuscript volumes, numbered arbitrarily I to XIV, and a few loose documents. The private letters are arranged in simple chronological order and are followed by the bound volumes arranged in numerical sequence. The loose documents which were found in the volumes have been left undisturbed; those which were not in a particular location have been placed with the material to which they relate. Some of the volumes are paginated, and some include indices. When the Hamonds' pagination was incomplete, we have continued it on alternate left-hand folios for purposes of reference and description. When an index is included, it has been filmed before the manuscripts to which it refers. Frame numbers, beginning anew on each roll of microfilm, are included to facilitate the location of specific items, and to facilitate indexing should such a demand arise.

Unfortunately, the Hamond Papers do not exist in a natural arrangement convenient for scholarly study. Following a common practice, the Hamonds often used the same book for several types of concurrent entries. If a book was used to record "letters sent" in the front, it was often inverted and copies of the "letters received" were entered in the rear. Such occurrences are noted by a target, "book inverted."

In an effort to circumvent needless difficulty in using the materials in this group of manuscripts, we have prepared two

finding aids which are reproduced below as the "Description of the Collection." The first, "Description by Volume," represents each manuscript volume exactly as it appears. The second, "Description by Series," describes the papers with regard to the function to which their creation was related. The "Description by Series" refers by volume and section to the "Description by Volume," and, in addition, directly to the roll of film and frames on which the section appears. Although the basic film arrangement is not chronological, items under a particular heading are. As a further aid, the "Roll Arrangement" has been described in this *Guide*. The only other reference tool provided is a "List of Major Correspondents" which briefly identifies each personality of major significance within the context of his rôle in the collection.

Throughout the volumes there appear occasional pencil notations believed to be by G. E. Hamond. Volume X contains extensive corrections, deletions, and notes by both Hamonds. In Volume I (Hamond's Autobiography) there are a number of lines which are heavily inked out. All efforts, including x-ray, to discern the deleted passages have been fruitless. We have constantly kept the many problems of using microfilm in mind, and have attempted to present the whole of the Hamond Papers in a concise and usable form.

# Description of the Hamond Papers

The Hamond Papers divide into two major groups, the materials pertaining to Andrew Snape Hamond and those pertaining to his son, Graham Eden Hamond. The A. S. Hamond materials are of value for Hamond's career between 1771 and 1783, during which time he commanded two warships in American waters: *Arethusa*, 32, 1771-1773; and *Roebuck*, 44, 1775-1780. He was Lieutenant-governor of Nova Scotia, Commissioner of the Navy, and Commander-in-Chief at Halifax from 1781 to 1782.

The G. E. Hamond materials are principally of value for the period from August 1804 through May 1806, when Hamond commanded the *Lively*, 38. During most of this period, he cruised off the Spanish coast and in the Mediterranean. For several months in 1805 he was senior naval officer at Malta, and was intimately involved in the attempted invasion of the Kingdom of Naples led by Lieutenant General Sir James Craig. After this project was abandoned, Craig returned to England on Hamond's ship. There is also material on five other commands Hamond held.

## A. S. Hamond - Hans Stanley Correspondence

This correspondence consists of twenty-three letters dated between 1766 and 1778, and is the only unbound series of manuscripts in the collection. These letters are the only private letters in the Hamond Papers and add a valuable dimension to A. S. Hamond's activities. Fifteen letters are from Stanley to Hamond, seven from Hamond to Stanley, and there is one from Hans Sloane to Hamond. The letters contain comments relating to American affairs and the American Revolution as

viewed by Englishmen on both sides of the Atlantic; and they relate the efforts of Stanley and Hamond in attempting to control and promote the welfare of Felix Viret, a profligate young man whose guardianship Stanley had taken over on the death of Viret's father, a close friend.

Following appear short identifications of Stanley and Sloane, and a listing of the separate items in the correspondence:

HANS STANLEY (1720?–1780) Member of Parliament for: St Albans, 1743–1747, Southampton, 1754–1780; Lord of the Admiralty, 1757–1765; Privy Council, 1762; Governor, Isle of Wight, 1764–1766, 1771–1780; Cofferer of the Household, 1764–1766, 1776–1780; a suicide.

HANS SLOANE [Sloane-Stanley after 1821] (1739–1827) Member of Parliament for: Newport, 1768–1780, Southampton, 1780–1784, Christchurch, 1788–1796, Lostwithiel, 1796–1806; first cousin once removed of Hans Stanley.

[H=A. S. HAMOND; S=HANS STANLEY; HS=HANS SLOANE]

- |                             |                               |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. S to H, 19 October 1766  | 13. H to S, 15 November 1775  |
| 2. S to H, 16 January 1771  | 14. S to H, 27 January 1776   |
| 3. S to H, 20 August 1771   | 15. S to H, 27 March 1776     |
| 4. S to H, 9 August 1772    | 16. HS to H, 26 April 1776    |
| 5. S to H, 30 August 1772   | 17. S to H, 29 April 1776     |
| 6. H to S, 6 December 1772  | 18. H to S, 5 August 1776     |
| 7. H to S, 25 January 1773  | 19. H to S, 24 September 1776 |
| 8. H to S, 20 August 1773   | 20. S to H, 18 October 1776   |
| 9. H to S, 5 November 1773  | 21. S to H, 23 November 1776  |
| 10. S to H, 7 November 1773 | 22. S to H, 12 January 1778   |
| 11. S to H, 13 July 1775    | 23. S to H, 10 May 1778       |
| 12. S to H, 14 August 1775  |                               |



## Description By Volume

The balance of the collection consists primarily of fourteen bound volumes, described individually. Pages unaccounted for are blank.

### VOLUME I

"Heads of the Life of Sir Andrew Snape Hamond Bart. written merely for the Private Information of his own Family; as the Narrative will shew; being of little Interest to the world at large." [Covers Hamond's career as an active sea officer to 1794, when he went to the Navy Board after an illness.] 2 books of 88 and 86 pages, in A. S. Hamond's autograph, with occasional comments by G. E. Hamond. Written about 1815.

[Glued into the front of book two is an unsigned, hand-drawn map, in color, of the area from Philadelphia westward, illustrating the Brandywine campaign.]

### VOLUME II

Account of A. S. Hamond's part in the American Revolution, 1775 through 1777. 3 books, in Hamond's autograph, of 56, 73, and 44 pages. Written between 1783 and 1785.

### VOLUME III

A. "An Account of the Progress & Proceedings of His Majestys Frigate Arethusa of 32 Guns between the 17 June 1771 and the 28th Novr. 1773 during the time She was Comanded by Capt. A. S. Hamond kept by himself." 165 pages.

B. "A Journal of the RoeBucks 2d Voyage to No. America." [May through October 1779] 13 pages.

## VOLUME IV

A. Letters sent and received, 28 December 1771—22 November 1773: A. S. Hamond in command of HMS *Arethusa*, 32; pages 1—6, 9—40.

B. Letters sent, 9 February 1771—13 April 1771: A. S. Hamond in command of HMS *Barfleur*, 90; pages 7—9.

C. Letters sent, 8 November 1775—1 December 1776: A. S. Hamond in command of HMS *Roebuck*, 44; pages 41—49.

D. Orders issued and received, 14 August 1772—2 June 1773: A. S. Hamond in command of HMS *Arethusa*, 32; pages 51—53.

E. Orders issued, 2 November 1775—29 December 1777: A. S. Hamond in command of HMS *Roebuck*, 44; pages 55—105, 111—155.

[pages 105—110 contain: 1. Copy of a resolution of the Pennsylvania Council of Safety, 21 December 1776; 2. Copy of a letter, Lord Howe to Vice Admiral Shuldham, 25 November 1776; 3. Copy of a letter, George Germain to the Lords of the Admiralty, 16 August 1776.]

—book inverted—

F. Orders received, 16 October 1771—20 November 1773: A. S. Hamond in command of HMS *Arethusa*, 32; pages 8—48.

G. Orders received, 25 August 1775—16 August 1776: A. S. Hamond in command of HMS *Roebuck*, 44; pages 55—106.

## VOLUME V

A. Letters sent, 3 March 1776—9 December 1777: A. S. Hamond in command of HMS *Roebuck*, 44; 71 pages.

— book inverted—

B. Copy of a letter from Lord Howe to Hamond, dated 24 April 1777; 2 pages.

VOLUME VI

A. Orders issued, 1 January 1778—18 July 1779: A. S. Hamond in command of HMS *Roebuck*, 44; pages 1—39.

B. Orders issued, 9 March 1780—28 April 1780: A. S. Hamond in command of HMS *Roebuck*, 44; pages 41—47.

C. Orders issued, 2 April 1799—28 November 1799: G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Champion*, 24; pages 52—59.

— *book inverted*—

D. Letters sent, 1 January 1778—25 April 1778: A. S. Hamond in command of HMS *Roebuck*, 44; pages 1—34.

[pages 35—37 contain copies of three letters, A. S. Hamond to Philip Stephens, Esq., Secretary of the Admiralty: 1. *Roebuck* at Cork, 25 June 1779; 2. *Roebuck* at Cork, 17 July 1779; 3. *Roebuck* at New York, 20 September 1779.]

E. Letters sent, 8 May 1799—8 December 1799: G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Champion*, 24; pages 43—49.

VOLUME VII

Letters sent, 2 August 1781—21 January 1783: A. S. Hamond, Lieutenant-governor of Nova Scotia, Commissioner of the Navy, and Commander-in-Chief of H. M. Ships at Halifax; this volume contains letters concerning his naval offices; 175 pages, with an index of 25 pages at end of book.

[Inserted at the beginning of this volume is a document entitled "Instructions for Sir Andrew Snape Hammond Knt., Commander in Chief, in the Absence of a Flag Officer, or Senior Captain, of such of His Majesty's Ships & vessels as shall at any time be at Halifax in Nova Scotia."]

This document is dated 1 May 1781, and signed by Lord Sandwich and other Lords of the Admiralty. On pages 174—175 is a letter dated 11 February 1786 from Hamond to the Navy Board, concerning the *Observer*, armed brig, commissioned at Halifax in 1782.]

#### VOLUME VIII

Letters sent and orders issued, 3 August 1781—8 October 1782: A. S. Hamond, Lieutenant-governor of Nova Scotia, Commissioner of the Navy, and Commander-in-Chief of H. M. Ships at Halifax; this volume contains letters concerning his office of Lieutenant-governor; 35 pages.

#### VOLUME IX

A. Orders issued, 1 August 1781—20 January 1783: A. S. Hamond, Lieutenant-governor of Nova Scotia, Commissioner of the Navy, and Commander-in-Chief of H. M. Ships at Halifax; this volume contains orders concerning his naval offices; 204 pages, with an index of 25 pages. The pagination of this volume is incorrect, there being two pages numbered 106.

B. [Placed in this book, following page 204, are two loose MS sheets: 1. an autograph MS of three pages describing Hamond's rough voyage from Halifax to England in early 1783; the information contained on this draft was later integrated into his autobiography; 2. A three page MS containing principally groups of unidentified and unorganized figures, evidently used as scrap paper.]

#### VOLUME X

*A Chronological List of the Captains of His Majesty's Royal Navy; with the Dates of their first Commissions, Promotions, and other Occurrences; Commencing The 21st June, 1673, in the Reign of King Charles, and brought down to the Year 1783, by Rear Admiral John Hardy (London, 1784), 45 pages.*

[This book, probably belonging to A. S. Hamond originally, has extensive corrections, annotations, and additions in the hand of G. E. Hamond.]

VOLUME XI

A. Letters received, 24 February 1803—30 June 1803: G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Plantagenet*, 74; pages 1—10.

B. Letters received, 10 August 1804—31 May 1806: G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Lively*, 38; pages 11—89.

—book inverted—

C. Letters sent, 4 April 1803—3 October 1803: G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Plantagenet*, 74; pages 1—8.

D. Letters sent, 1 August 1804—27 May 1806: G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Lively*, 38; pages 9—58.

VOLUME XII

A. "Remarks on Courts Martial" [n.d.] 104 pages (numbered), with index (5 pages) preceding.

B. Incomplete table of Arrivals and Sailings at Malta, September—November 1805, page 106 [see also page 13 in section D below: analogous table for months of July, August, September, 1805]. On page 107 is a table labeled "Messina—Arrivals—Sailings," with no entries; original pagination continues through page 115, all blank.

C. Letters sent, 30 May 1805—7 May 1806: G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Lively*, 38; pages 116—146.

—book inverted—

D. Orders issued, 27 June 1805—3 April 1806: G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Lively*, 38; [There also appear in this section a few scattered letters sent by Hamond]; pages 1—25.

## VOLUME XIII

A. Orders received, 22 December 1808—20 September 1809: G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Victorious*, 74; pages 1—3, 65, 67—69, 70—73, 75—77, 91, 94—95, 98—103, 106—107 contain orders directed to Hamond personally; pages 4—65, 69—70, 73—74, 78—91, 92—94, 95—98, 103, 104—106, 107, 108 contain general orders and Orders in Council from 1807, 1808, and 1809.

B. Orders received, 3 July 1813—18 May 1814: G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Rivoli*, 74; pages 112—147.

C. Orders received, 30 March 1824—16 November 1825: G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Wellesley*, 74 (March 1824 through August 1825), and HMS *Spartiate*, 74 (from August 1825); pages 151—201.

—book inverted—

D. Orders issued, 3 May 1809—25 May 1809: G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Victorious*, 74; pages 1—5.

E. Orders issued, 17 May 1813—27 April 1814: G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Rivoli*, 74; pages 8—18.

F. Orders issued, 16 May 1824—19 October 1825: G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Wellesley*, 74 (March 1824 through August 1825), and HMS *Spartiate*, 74 (from August 1825); pages 21—29.

## VOLUME XIV

A. “Orders and Regulations to be observed by the officers and Ships Company of His Majestys Ship Under My Command, in Addition to those contained in the General printed Instructions”; pages 1—15.

B. Orders concerning the “exercise for great guns” based upon the orders of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty of 1 August 1817; pages 15—20. [watermark 1828]

## Description By Series

### PERSONAL PAPERS OF A. S. HAMOND:

A. S. Hamond—Hans Stanley Correspondence (19 October 1766—10 May 1778) Roll 1: 1—86.

“Heads of the Life of Sir Andrew Snape Hamond, Bart. . . .” [Autobiography, ca. 1815] I; Roll 1: 87—186.

Account of A. S. Hamond’s part in the American Revolution (1775—1777) II; Roll 1: 498—593.

“A Journal of the RoeBucks 2d. Voyage to No. America” (1779) III, B; Roll 2: 85—92.

Description of a voyage from Halifax to England (1783) IX, B; Roll 2: 568—570.

### NAVAL PAPERS OF A. S. HAMOND:

*A Chronological List of the Captains of His Majesty’s Royal Navy . . .* (1784) X; Roll 2: 571—629.

A. S. Hamond in command of HMS *Barfleur*, 90:

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A. S. Hamond in command of HMS *Arethusa*, 32:

[log and journal] “An Account of the Progress & Proceedings of His Majesty’s Frigate *Arethusa* . . .” (17 June 1771—28 November 1773) III, A; Roll 2: 1—84.

Letters sent and received (28 December 1771—22 November 1773) IV, A; Roll 2: 93—114.

Orders issued and received (14 August 1772—2 June 1773) IV, D; Roll 2: 122—123.

Orders received (16 October 1771—20 November 1773) IV, F; Roll 2: 176—199.

A. S. Hamond in command of HMS *Roebuck*, 44:

Letters sent (8 November 1775—1 December 1776) IV, C; Roll 2: 117—121. (3 March 1776—9 December 1777) V, A; Roll 2: 228—264. (1 January 1778—25 April 1778, 25 June 1779, 17 July 1779, 20 September 1779) VI, D; Roll 2: 298—317.

Letter received (24 April 1777) V, B; Roll 2: 265—267.

Orders issued (2 November 1775—29 December 1777) IV, E; Roll 2: 124—175. (1 January 1778—18 July 1779) VI, A; Roll 2: 268—289. (9 March 1780—28 April 1780) VI, B; Roll 2: 290—293.

Orders received (25 August 1775—16 August 1776) IV, G; Roll 2: 200—227.

A. S. Hamond, Lieutenant-governor of Nova Scotia, Commissioner of the Navy, and Commander-in-Chief of H. M. Ships at Halifax:

[Pertaining to his naval offices]

“Instructions for Sir Andrew Snape Hammond Knt., Commander in Chief . . . of such of His Majesty’s Ships & vessels as shall at any time be at Halifax in Nova Scotia” (1 May 1781) VII, inserted at beginning; Roll 2: 324—327.

Letters sent (2 August 1781—21 January 1783) VII, indexed; Roll 2: 328—429.



Orders issued (1 August 1781—20 January 1783) IX, A, indexed; Roll 2: 450—567.

[Pertaining to his office of Lieutenant-governor]

Letters sent and orders issued (3 August 1781—8 October 1782) VIII; Roll 2: 430—449.

## NAVAL PAPERS OF G. E. HAMOND:

*A Chronological List of the Captains of His Majesty's Royal Navy . . .* (1784) X; Roll 2: 571—629.

“Orders and Regulations to be observed by the officers and Ships Company of His Majestys Ship Under My Command, in Addition to those contained in the General printed Instructions.” [watermark 1828] XIV, A; Roll 3: 298—306.

“Remarks on Courts Martial” [n.d.] XII, A; Roll 3: 83—141.

“Exercise for great guns” based upon the orders of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty of 1 August 1817 [watermark 1828] XIV, B; Roll 3: 306—310.

### G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Champion*, 24:

Letters sent (8 May 1799—8 December 1799) VI, E; Roll 2: 318—322.

Orders issued (2 April 1799—28 November 1799) VI, C; Roll 2: 294—297.

### G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Plantagenet*, 74:

Letters sent (4 April 1803—3 October 1803) XI, C; Roll 3: 50—55.

Letters received (24 February 1803—30 June 1803) XI, A; Roll 3:1—9.

G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Lively*, 38:

Letters sent (1 August 1804—27 May 1806) XI, D; Roll 3: 56—82. (30 May 1805—7 May 1806) XII, C; Roll 3: 143—158. (27 June 1805—3 April 1806) XII, D *passim*; Roll 3: 159—170.

Letters received (10 August 1804—31 May 1806) XI, B; Roll 3: 10—49.

Orders issued (27 June 1805—3 April 1806) XII, D *passim*; Roll 3: 159—170.

Incomplete table of Arrivals and Sailings at Malta (July, August, September 1805) XII, D; Roll 3: 163. (September—November 1805) XII, B; Roll 3: 142.

G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Victorious*, 74:

Orders issued (3 May 1809—25 May 1809) XIII, D; Roll 3: 282—285.

Orders received (22 December 1808—20 September 1809) XIII, A; Roll 3: 171—228.

G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Rivoli*, 74:

Orders issued (17 May 1813—27 April 1814) XIII, E; Roll 3: 286—291.

Orders received (3 July 1813—18 May 1814) XIII, B; Roll 3: 229—248.

G. E. Hamond in command of HMS *Wellesley*, 74; then HMS *Spartiate*, 74:

Orders issued (16 May 1824—19 October 1825) XIII, F; Roll 3: 291—297.

Orders received (30 March 1824—16 November 1825) XIII, C; Roll 3: 249—281.

## Roll Arrangement

The Hamond Papers are divided into three rolls of microfilm. The contents of these rolls are listed below, according to the divisions presented in the "Description by Volume" above.

ROLL ONE: *A. S. Hamond, Private Correspondence and Manuscript Books.*

A. S. Hamond—Hans Stanley Correspondence: 1—86.

Volume I (A. S. Hamond's autobiography): 87—186.

W. H. Moomaw's edition of A. S. Hamond's autobiography: 187—497.

Volume II (A. S. Hamond's account of his part in the American Revolution): 498—593.

ROLL TWO: *A. S. Hamond, Naval Records.*

Volume III: 1—92.

Volume IV: 93—227.

Volume V: 228—267.

Volume VI [sections C and E pertain to G. E. Hamond]: 268—322.

Volume VII: 323—429.

Volume VIII: 430—449.

Volume IX: 450—570.

Volume X: 571—629.

ROLL THREE: *G. E. Hamond, Naval Records.*

Volume XI: 1—82.

Volume XII: 83—170.

Volume XIII: 171—297.

Volume XIV: 298—310.



# List of Major Correspondents

This list consists of men who appear as either writers or recipients of letters in the Hamond Papers (exclusive of the Hamond—Stanley correspondence described above). This correspondence is of an official nature, directly related to the conduct and problems of a specific command or post held by one of the Hamonds, and the relationship between the author and the recipient of any given letter is usually quite explicit and obvious. Only men of more than circumstantial importance who sent several letters to or received several letters from one of the Hamonds have been included, and their identification has been strictly limited to their relevance to the collection. The list is divided into two sections, the first pertaining to Andrew Snape Hamond, the second to Graham Eden Hamond.

## I

ARBUTHNOT, MARRIOT (1711?—1794): Commissioner of the Navy at Halifax, 1775—1778; Rear Admiral, 1778; Commander-in-Chief, North American station, 1779—1781.

DIGBY, ROBERT (1732—1815): Rear Admiral, 1779; Commander-in-Chief, North American station, 1781—1783, succeeding Graves.

DUNMORE, JOHN MURRAY, EARL OF (1732—1809): Governor of Virginia, 1771—1776.

GERMAIN, LORD GEORGE [SACKVILLE] (1716—1785): Secretary of State for the Colonies, 1775—1782; a Commissioner for Trade and Plantations, 1775—1779.

GRAVES, THOMAS, LORD (1725—1802): Rear Admiral, 1779, in North America under Arbuthnot, 1780—1781; Commander-in-Chief, North American station, July—December 1781.

HOTHAM, WILLIAM (1736—1813): Commodore, 1776; with Lord Howe in North America, 1776—1777; senior officer at New York, 1777.

HOWE, RICHARD, LORD (1726—1799): Viscount, 1758; Rear Admiral, 1770; Vice Admiral, 1775; Commander-in-Chief, North American station, 1776—1778; friend and patron of Andrew Snape Hamond.

MONTAGU, JOHN (1719—1795): Rear Admiral, 1770; Commander-in-Chief, North American station, 1771—1774; Vice Admiral, 1776.

PARKER, PETER (1721—1811): In North America, 1776—1777, involved in attack on Charleston and reduction of Long Island; captured Rhode Island, 1776, and was senior officer there, 1776—1777; Rear Admiral, 1777.

SHULDHAM, MOLYNEUX (1717?—1798): Rear Admiral, 1775; Vice Admiral, 1775; Commander-in-Chief, North American station, January—June 1776.

STEPHENS, PHILIP (1725—1809): Secretary of the Admiralty, 1763—1795.

TRYON, WILLIAM (1725—1788): Governor of New York, 1771—1778.

## II

COLLINGWOOD, CUTHBERT, LORD (1750—1812): Rear Admiral, 1799; Vice Admiral, 1804; with Nelson, 1805; second in command at Trafalgar, after which he succeeded to Nelson's command.

CORNWALLIS, WILLIAM (1744—1819): Rear Admiral, 1793; Vice Admiral, 1794; Admiral, 1799; Commander of Channel Fleet, 1803—1806.

CRAIG, JAMES HENRY (1748—1812): Lieutenant General, 1801; Commander-in-Chief of H. M. land forces in the Mediterranean, 1805—1806; led abortive invasion of the Kingdom of Naples, then established the British on Sicily.

DUNCAN, ADAM (1731—1804): Rear Admiral, 1787; Vice Admiral, 1793; Admiral, 1795; Commander-in-Chief, North Sea, 1795—1801.

ELPHINSTONE, GEORGE KEITH; LORD KEITH (1746—1823): Captain, 1775; served on North American station with Andrew Snape Hamond, 1775—1780; Rear Admiral, 1794; Vice Admiral, 1795; baron, 1798; Commander-in-Chief, North Sea, 1803—1807.

KNIGHT, JOHN (1748?—1831): Rear Admiral, 1801; Vice Admiral, 1805; Commander at Gibraltar, 1805.

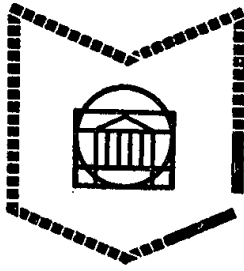
MARSDEN, WILLIAM (1754—1836): Second Secretary of the Admiralty, 1796—1804; First Secretary, 1804—1807.

ORDE, JOHN (1751—1824): Lieutenant with Andrew Snape Hamond, 1775—1777; Rear Admiral, 1795; Vice Admiral, 1799; Commander of Squadron off Cape Finisterre, 1804—1805.

SOTHERON, FRANK (1766—1839): senior officer at Naples, 1805, and at Messina, 1806; Rear Admiral, 1811.







MICROFILM / PUBLICATIONS  
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1. *The Lee Family Papers, 1742–1795*. Eight rolls of microfilm and a printed *Guide*, 51 pages.
2. *The Hamond Naval Papers, 1766–1825*. Three rolls of microfilm and a printed *Guide*, 41 pages.

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