Committee of Fifteen Records 1900-1901



Guide to the Scholarly Resources
Microfilm Edition

From the Holdings of the Rare Books and Manuscripts Division, Center for the Humanities, The New York Public Library, Astor, Lenox and Tilden Foundations



© 1998 The New York Public Library All rights reserved First published 1998 Printed and bound in the United States of America

ISBN 0-8420-4178-8

Acknowledgments

The publisher wishes to thank Mary B. Bowling and Melanie Yolles at The New York Public Library for their assistance in compiling the microfilm for this collection.

Distributed on microfilm by:

Scholarly Resources Inc. 104 Greenhill Avenue Wilmington, DE 19805-1897

Distributed outside the USA

in Japan by:

Far Eastern Booksellers P.O. Box 72 Kanda, Tokyo 101-91, JAPAN

in Taiwan by:

Transmission Books & Microforms Company Ltd. P.O. Box 96-337 Taipei, TAIWAN, R.O.C.

Also available from Scholarly Resources: The Laura Spelman Rockefeller Memorial Collection: Series 3: Appropriations, 1917-1945 (89 rolls), American Fund for Public Service Records, 1922-1941 (36 rolls), and The Fiorello H. La Guardia Papers, 1917-1945 (52 rolls).

Contents

Introduction, 1

Scope and Content, 11

Roll Contents, 12

Correspondence, 12

Minutes, Notebooks, and Abstracts, 12

Affidavits and Investigators' Reports, 12

Newspaper Clippings, 24

Introduction

Scholarly Resources's decision to microfilm, and The New York Public Library's willingness to allow the microfilming of the records of the Committee of Fifteen Records, 1900-1901, is most welcomed and is to be highly congratulated. Through this microfilming effort a unique record group, which was quickly deteriorating, will be both preserved and broadcast to researchers and students throughout the United States and, potentially, throughout the world. The first of New York City's two antivice committees of the early twentieth century (the Committee of Fourteen, 1905-1932, followed the Committee of Fifteen and continued many of the investigations of the city's vice establishments started by the Committee of Fifteen), the New York City Committee of Fifteen sought to investigate the troubling moral situation in the city's infamous "Raines Law Hotels." This committee published its findings with the expectation that an enraged citizenry (educated by the committee's investigations) would address the problem of New York City's vice through political pressure on elected officials. In informing itself on the nature and extent of vice, usually defined as prostitution ("the social evil" was the euphemism of the era) and gambling, the committee gathered extensive files on specific locations and behaviors that it considered immoral. While the committee failed to describe specific vice problems and locations in its public report, entitled The Social Evil: With Special Reference to Conditions Existing in the City of New York (1902), its forty boxes of private files bulge with such information. It is these crumbling records of the committee's investigators that Scholarly Resources has preserved and made available for scholars. Anyone interested in New York City history is in Scholarly Resources's debt.

The Committee of Fifteen records are a key source in the social history of New York City and a key source for researchers interested in the history of prostitution in the United States and its symbiont, the history of anti-prostitution groups such as the Committee of Fifteen. The new record group also makes available suggestive primary sources in immigration history, women's history, and New York City's history on this almost forgotten antivice interest group. These records are a valuable addition to all research libraries. All libraries and archives specializing in social history, women's history, urban history, and social science history will want and need this collection for its holdings.

This introduction briefly describes the background of and motivation for the establishment of the Committee of Fifteen, and mentions the committee's chairman, Long Island Railroad President William Henry Baldwin, Jr., and the committee's everyday organizer, George Morgan. It also provides a short description of the organization and richness of the record.



In the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, cities and towns in the United States commonly underwent moral reform campaigns, and America's most important city, New York, was no exception. Where New York differed from every other city was in scale. It was the nation's largest, most cosmopolitan, and most intensely urban city, and was the city with the nation's most famous and powerful political machine, Tammany Hall. As a result, everything in New York, including social problems, was correspondingly larger, more complicated, and more diverse. And because of the nature of the city's politics, anything that occurred in the city carried political

implications.2 A private, moral cleanup campaign aimed allegedly only at the city's vice problem-vice being defined at the times as alcohol, gambling, and female prostitution-necessarily challenged the ward-based political machine's power and income. In his 1973 article on the Committee of Fifteen, historian Jeremy P. Felt saw vice reform and this privately funded antivice committee as devices to embarrass and disgrace Tammany Hall as well as a means to encourage wider political reform efforts in the city.3 He viewed the committee as a forerunner of the larger Progressive Era municipal reform campaigns of the early 1910s. Vice reform as a political technique and the Committee of Fifteen's political actions helped to achieve some reform of city government and thereby helped to restrain Tammany Hall, to some degree. But if the committee is important for what it achieved in aiding the cause of political reform in New York City, it is also important for what it did not reveal to the public about the nature and extent of vice in the city's neighborhoods, especially in the city's immigrant wards. The committee's documents and investigations of the city's vice, scattered as it was throughout the city but centered in the immigrant wards, make these primary sources particularly rich and useful.

Various well-to-do businessmen from uptown Manhattan formed the Committee of Fifteen in 1900 in response to a problem involving vice and a church on the notorious lower east side. In October 1900 an Episcopal minister, Dr. Robert L. Paddock, complained to the local police precinct about the boys who stood on the walkways in front of the bawdy houses, which surrounded his church, and handed out prostitutes' business cards to passersby. The reverend took particular umbrage when these "lighthouses," in the urban slang of the time, began distributing the

prostitutes' cards on the steps of his church. After unsuccessfully appealing to the police for assistance (the local police precinct captain told him that, if he did not like the neighborhood, he could move), Paddock contacted his superior in the church hierarchy, Bishop Henry C. Potter,⁴ who saw an opportunity. Having been active in reform politics and in earlier antivice activities in the city, he believed that Paddock's problem could be used to expose police corruption; to reveal the police's role in protecting the city's vice; and, ultimately, to strike at the Democratic political machine, Tammany Hall. Potter addressed an open letter to Mayor Robert A. Van Wyck, reviewing Paddock's difficulties with the lighthouses and the police. Bishop Potter's letter got action. Tammany Hall's boss, Richard Croker, appointed a special committee-the so-called Committee of Five-to look into the city's vice problem, and the police captain, who had been gruff with Paddock, received a transfer to the police equivalent of Siberia-the steamboat inspection squad.5

As a direct response to Paddock's plight and Potter's agitation, numerous prominent businessmen met in November 1900 in the Chamber of Commerce building (although the meeting was not officially sponsored by the Chamber of Commerce). This gathering discussed the city's vice situation, Tammany's connections to vice, and the police protection of vice. From this meeting, and later meetings that month, emerged the privately organized and privately funded antivice organization, the Committee of Fifteen. As its goal the committee resolved:

That a Committee of Fifteen be appointed by the Chair, with power to add to its members, the duty to which it shall be to cooperate with other committees or organizations in their discretion having kindred objects in view, and which shall carefully watch the actions of the constituted authorities whether or not they will perform to the full extent the duty imposed upon them by law to prevent and to eradicate vice in every form.⁶

Committeemen donated and solicited funds to run the committee. As mentioned, Long Island Railroad President, William H. Baldwin, Jr., accepted the job of chairing the Committee of Fifteen; Columbia University economics professor, Edwin R. A. Seligman, became the secretary of the committee; and he, in turn, hired George W. Morgan as the assistant secretary. Morgan, a recent graduate of the Columbia Law School, took charge of the day-to-day running of the committee's investigations, and it was he who opened the committee's office at 2115 Park Avenue.⁷

Seligman's hiring of Morgan proved fortuitous for the committee. Morgan was an able and efficient office manager, whose law school training stood him in good stead when interviewing tipsters or the committee's corps of investigators. His legal background proved useful in drawing up affidavits on alleged bawdy houses and their housekeepers; in knowing what specific kinds of evidence were needed (and admissible) in court; in interpreting New York state's statutes on prostitution, disorderly houses, and nuisance, as well as dealing with the city's ordinances and with its district courts and judges in shepherding the handful of cases that the committee initiated through the litigation process. After his work with the Committee of Fifteen, he became an assistant district attorney for New York (1902-1903); the superintendent of elections (1903-1906); a founding partner of the law firm of Breed, Abbot & Morgan; and eventually chairman of the board of the F. W. Dodge Corporation.8

The committee employed, and Morgan oversaw, an investigation force of at least thirty detectives during 1901, the only full year that the committee existed.9 He organized the detectives' reports as they were written and developed an indexing system based on street addresses and police precinct lines. Morgan, or perhaps an assistant of his (the record group is unclear), even attempted to type transcripts of all handwritten reports of the committee's detectives.10 Morgan, or the office staff, collected the investigators' reports in separate envelopes. Each envelope contained several documents: the detective's handwritten report on a location, a standard form index card with the address and the behavior observed at the location described (probably for a ready reference file), and occasionally a legal-sized printed form filled out by the investigator and notarized by Morgan, who, as luck would have it, was also a notary public.11

These working files of the Committee of Fifteen provide a remarkable picture of underground life in New York City in 1901. A review of the entire collection indicates that the committee set about the task of taking a census of every disorderly and immoral house and resort on Manhattan Island. Pool halls, card halls, and cigar stores, which acted as fronts for back-room prostitution, in addition to fancy parlor houses and single rooms in "dumbbell" tenements, are all represented in the records of the committee as locations of vice. Morgan's investigators found plenty of gambling, drinking, and female prostitution.¹²

This underground vitality and reality so vividly portrayed in the Committee of Fifteen's primary sources was not, however, revealed to the general public. After expending the funds raised for the investigation of the city's vice in the late summer and fall of 1901, Morgan helped to prepare the committee's report to the public. Published in

1902 by Committee of Fifteen member, George Putnam, The Social Evil only briefly discusses the New York vice scene in its text and did not address, until the appendix, local conditions on the problem of the so-called Raines Law Hotels; the appendix on "Present Conditions in New York" stressed the city's problem with pimps.¹³ Instead, The Social Evil attacks the state regulation of prostitution— "reglementation" was the social science term of the day-as a failed public policy that hurt the women involved in the sex trade of prostitution and lowered the moral quality of the cities that regulated prostitution by involving them in the business of prostitution. In other words, the text of *The* Social Evil dealt with the current debate on vice control but left the local conditions and findings to careful readers of the appendixes. Even then, the report fails to provide any real hint of the riches of the evidence that the committee collected over the spring and summer and fall of 1901 on New York City's vice. For those records, one previously had to consult the archival records in The New York Public Library, Manuscripts Division. Now, the microfilming of the Committee of Fifteen records makes these records and the rich social and urban history available in them easily accessible to researchers. While one cannot ignore the committee's formal report, The Social Evil, it is these primary sources that researchers and students will consult again and again. Scholarly Resources and The New York Public Library must be congratulated on producing this crucial record group in microfilm format.



Dr. Thomas C. Mackey University of Louisville Louisville, Kentucky March 1997

Notes

- 1. The Committee of Fifteen, The Social Evil: With Special Reference to Conditions Existing in the City of New York (New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons, 1902); Edwin R. A. Seligman, ed., The Social Evil: With Special Reference to Conditions Existing in the City of New York, 2d ed. (New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons, 1912).
- 2. The historiography of New York City is large. For just a sampling of the recent monographic literature see Thomas Bender, New York Intellect: A History of Intellectual Life in New York City from 1750 to the Beginning of Our Own Time (New York: Knopf, 1987); Amy Bridges, A City in the Republic: Antebellum New York and the Origins of Machine Politics (New York: Cambridge University Press, 1984); Ann L. Butterweiser, Manhattan Water-Bound: Planning and Developing Manhattan's Waterfront from the Seventeenth Century to the Present (New York: New York University Press, 1987); Lewis A. Erenberg, Steppin' Out: New York Nightlife and the Transformation of American Culture, 1890-1930 (Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 1981); Hendrick Hartog, Public Property and Private Power: The Corporation of the City of New York in American Law, 1730-1870 (Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 1983); Leo Hershkowitz, Tweed's New York: Another Look (New York: Doubleday, 1977); Kenneth T. Jackson, The Encyclopedia of New York City (New Haven, CT: Yale University Press, 1995); Kathy Peiss, Cheap Amusements: Working Women and Leisure in Turn-of-the-Century New York (Philadelphia: Temple University Press, 1986); Edward K. Spann, The Great Metropolis: New York City, 1840-1857 (New York: Columbia University Press, 1981); Christine Stansell, City of Women: Sex and Class in New York, 1789-1850 (New York: Knopf, 1986); Roger D. Waldinger, Through the Eye of the Needle: Immigrants and Enterprise in New York's Garment Industry (New York: New York University Press, 1986); and Robert F. Wessen, A Response to Progressivism: The Democratic Party and New York Politics, 1902-1918 (New York: New York University Press, 1986).

For cities and moral reform see Paul S. Boyer, *Urban Masses and Moral Order in America* (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1978).

- 3. On the Committee of Fifteen and its political consequences see Jeremy P. Felt, "Vice Reform as a Political Technique: The Committee of Fifteen in New York, 1900-1901," *New York History* 54 (January 1973): 24-51. I am at work on a larger project on the Committee of Fifteen, "Flagrant Offenses: Prostitution and the Committee of Fifteen, 1900-1902" and on the Committee of Fourteen, "New Step: The Limits of Moral Reform, Sex Customers, and New York City's Committee of Fourteen, 1920-1930."
- 4. Felt, "Vice Reform as a Political Technique," 26-27. See also clippings from various newspapers, Committee of Fifteen records, Box 32, Rare Books and Manuscripts Division, The New York Public Library, New York, New York.

- 5. Felt, "Vice Reform as a Political Technique," 27.
- 6. "Letter of Formation," November 30, 1900, Box 1, Committee of Fifteen Records, Rare Books and Manuscript Division, The New York Public Library, New York, New York.
- 7. In addition to Baldwin and Seligman, the other members of the Committee of Fifteen were: Felix Adler, Joel B. Erhardt, Austen G. Fox, John S. Kennedy, William J. O'Brien, Alexander E. Orr, George Foster Peabody, George Haven Putnam, J. Harsen Rhoades, Jacob H. Schiff, Andrew J. Smith, Charles Sprague Smith, and Charles Stewart Smith.
- 8. No personal papers of Morgan's have been located. He was born June 28, 1875, and died March 28, 1931. See Who Was Who in America: A Companion Volume to Who's Who in America, vol. 1, 1897-1942 (Chicago: A. N. Marquis and Company, 1942), 865. This biography does not mention his work for the Committee of Fifteen.

For the best discussion of the membership of the Committee of Fifteen, their backgrounds, and motivations see Felt, "Vice Reform as a Political Technique," 29-33.

Morgan was the assistant secretary, and he reported to the secretary of the committee, Edwin R. A. Seligman, a Columbia University economist. Seligman studied in Germany, Switzerland, and France and became the McVicker Professor at Columbia, a position he held from 1904 to 1931. He published widely on political economy and he edited the Columbia Series in History, Economics, and Public Law, the *Political Science Ouarterly*, and the *Encyclopedia of Social Science*. He listed his secretaryship of the Committee of Fifteen in his *Who Was Who* entry. See *Who Was Who in America: A Companion Volume to Who's Who in America*, vol. 1, 1897-1942, (Chicago: A. N. Marquis and Company, 1942): 1102-03.

Chairman of the Committee of Fifteen was Long Island Railroad president, William Henry Baldwin, Jr. For Baldwin see John Graham Brooks, An American Citizen: The Life of William Henry Baldwin (Boston and New York: Houghton Mifflin Company, 1910); George R. Nutler, Sons of the Puritans: A Group of Brief Biographies (Boston: American Unitarian Association, 1908); and The People's Institute, Memorial to William Henry Baldwin, Jr. (New York: n.p. [Cooper Union?], 1905).

- 9. No payroll records from the Committee of Fifteen have survived. Thirty detectives' names can be culled from the files of the committee; more may have been employed.
- 10. Some handwriting on routine Committee of Fifteen papers cannot be identified, which leads me to suspect that Morgan occasionally had office help.
- 11. For typical entries see Chinese Gambling, Box 5, 18 Pell Street; tenement house prostitution, Box 7, 73 Elizabeth Street; prostitution, reference to "natkes," yiddish for prostitute, with Peter Schwartz's statement about these natkes: "In the summertime they are as numerous as bees in a hive; they asked

every man that went by to come in." Box 8, Committee of Fifteen records, Rare Book and Manuscript Division, The New York Public Library, New York, New York.

- 12. The historiography of female prostitution and the issue of stateregulated prostitution for the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries is large and growing. For a selection of monographs only see Mark Thomas Connelly, The Response to Prostitution in the Progressive Era (Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 1980); Anne M. Butler, Daughters of Joy, Sisters of Misery: Prostitutes and the American West, 1865-1890 (Urbana, IL: University of Illinois Press, 1985); Timothy J. Gilfoyle, City of Eros: New York City, Prostitution, and the Commercialization of Sex, 1790-1920 (New York: W. W. Norton, 1992); Barbara Meil Hobson, Uneasy Virtue: The Politics of Prostitution and the American Reform Tradition (New York: Basic Books, Inc., 1987); George Kneeland, Commercialized Prostitution in New York City (New York: Bureau of Social Hygiene, 1913; reprinted, Montclair, NJ: Patterson Smith, 1969); Thomas C. Mackey, Red Lights Out: A Legal History of Prostitution, Disorderly Houses, and Vice Districts, 1870-1917 (New York: Garland Publishing Company, 1987); Ruth Rosen, The Lost Sisterhood: Prostitution in America, 1900-1918 (Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1982); William W. Sanger, The History of Prostitution: Its Extent, Causes, and Effects throughout the World (New York: Harper & Brothers, 1859; reprinted, New York: Arno Press, 1972); and Willoughby C. Waterman, Prostitution and Its Repression in New York City, 1900-1931 (New York: Columbia University Press, 1932).
- 13. The Committee of Fifteen, *The Social Evil*, "Appendix: 'The Raines Law Hotel' and the Social Evil," 159-68; "Appendix: Present Conditions in New York," 180-88.

SCOPE AND CONTENT

The records of the Committee of Fifteen contain the correspondence of its assistant secretary, George W. Morgan, with the public, committee members, New York State Assembly members, and the New York City Department of Health. The 258 letters to the Department of Health report the location of "disorderly houses." Other records of the committee's investigations include two notebooks containing entries for each location visited, along with a chronological log of visits made and actions taken against the various dwellings and businesses, typed lists of the locations visited and the types of violations found there, and 28 boxes of affidavits and reports made by the investigators. The amount of information for each location varies, but many of the report forms include the name of the investigator, his age and address, date of visit, address of the building, description of activity at that site and investigator's action, amount of money paid, name, physical description and ethnic background of the prostitutes or others at the location, and general remarks. The reports are arranged by police precinct.

In addition, the collection contains 26 scrapbooks of press clippings about New York City politics, police, and vice (November 8, 1900-November 30, 1901), typed abstracts of the events of the day (for the same period), and a typescript of the defense testimony in the trial of police Captain John D. Herlihy (1900-1901).

ROLL CONTENTS

Box No.	Roll No.	Frame No.	Roll Contents
	1	0005 0006 0007	Historical Notes Scope and Content Container List
1		0008 0249 0506 0930	Correspondence Incoming, 1900-1901 (A-L) Incoming, 1900-1901 (M-Z) Outgoing, 1900-1901 With Dept. of Health, Jul-Aug 1901
	2	0003	Correspondence With Dept. of Health, Sep-Nov 1901
3		0285 0346 0504 0651 0821 0905	Minutes, Notebooks, and Abstracts Minutes of Meetings, Dec 10, 1900- Jun 12, 1901 Notebooks of action taken against various locations Lists of locations investigated Abstracts of daily events, Nov 8, 1900-Nov 30, 1901 Witnesses for the defense of John D. Herlihy, 1900-1901 (vol. 2) Witnesses for the defense of John D. Herlihy 1901 (vol. 3)
4		0973	Affidavits and Investigators' Reports Precinct 1: Beaver Street-William Street
		1025	Precinct 2: 234 Broadway-18 West Broadway
		1068	Precinct 5: Batavia Street-Cherry Street

Box No.	Roll No.	Frame No.	Roll Contents
	3		Affidavits and Investigators' Reports
		0003	(continued) Precinct 5: James Slip-84 James Street
		0144	Precinct 5: 90 James Street-Water Street
		0285	Precinct 6: 12 Chatham Square-32 Mott Street
		0347	Precinct 6: 100 Mott Street-119 Mulberry Street
5		0495	Precinct 6: 9 Pell Street-34 Pell Street
		0591	Precinct 7: 127 Cherry Street-23 Hamilton Street
		0683	Precinct 7: 19 Henry Street-19 Pike Street
		0796	Precinct 7: 32 Charles Street-26 Perry Street
		0842	Precinct 9: 133 6th Avenue-W. 10th
		0908	Street and Greenwich Avenue Precinct 10: 186 Bowery-482 West Broadway
)		0996	Precinct 11: 104 Bowery-97 Elizabeth Street
		1146	Precinct 11: 115-211 Elizabeth Street
4	1	0002	Affidavits and Investigators' Reports
		0003	Precinct 11: 115-211 Elizabeth Street (continued)
		0037	Precinct 11: 227 Grand Street-181 Hester Street
		0244	Precinct 11: 183 Hester Street-116 Mott Street

Box No.	Roll No.	Frame No.	Roll Contents
	4	0374	Precinct 11: 118-126 Mott Street
	(cont.) 0505	Precinct 11: 133-137 Mott Street
7	,	0663	Precinct 11: 141-162 Mott Street
		0840	Precinct 11: 210 Mott Street-140
			Mulberry Street
		1008	Precinct 11: 143-169 Mulberry
			Street
		1186	Precinct 11: 170 Mulberry Street-6
			Spring Street
	5		Affidavits and Investigators' Reports
		0003	Precinct 11: 170 Mulberry Street-6
			Spring Street (continued)
8		0071	Precinct 12: 1 1/2-101 Allen Street
Ü		0175	Precinct 12: 102 Allen Street
		0597	Precinct 12: 102-118 Allen Street
		0728	Precinct 12: 123-152 Allen Street
		0847	Precinct 12: 155-199 Allen Street
9		0940	Precinct 12: Bayard, Broome, &
			Chrystie Streets
		1087	Precinct 12: 126-147 Chrystie Street
		1196	Precinct 12: 165-230 Chrystie Street
	6		Affidavits and Investigators' Reports
	Ü	0003	Precinct 12: 165-230 Chrystie Street
			(continued)
		0087	Precinct 12: 11-128 Delancey Street
		0168	Precinct 12: East Houston &
			Eldridge Streets
		0269	Precinct 12: Elizabeth & Essex
			Streets
10		0360	Precinct 12: 14-199 Forsyth Street
		0460	Precinct 12: 201-214 Forsyth Street;
			117-144 Ludlow Street

Box No.	Roll No.	Frame No.	Roll Contents
	6	0585	Precinct 12: Norfolk, Orchard, &
	(cont.))	Rivington Streets
		0649	Precinct 12: 7-196 Stanton Street
		0756	Precinct 12: 135-186 Suffolk Street
		0791	Precinct 13: Attorney, Broome, Cannon, & Clinton Streets
		0874	Precinct 13: Delancey, Goerck, Grand, Monroe, & Suffolk Streets
11		1087	Precinct 14: 219-250 E. 2nd Street;
		1007	219-312 E. 3rd Street
		1165	Precinct 14: 8-49 Avenue B; 20-100
			Avenue C
	7		Affidavits and Investigators' Reports
		0003	Precinct 14: 122-165 Attorney Street
		0110	Precinct 14: 18-50 Clinton Street
		0242	Precinct 14: 304-468 E. Houston Street
		0332	Precinct 14: Lewis & Pitt Streets
		0361	Precinct 14: Lewis & Fitt Streets Precinct 14: 73-146 Ridge Street
		0459	Precinct 14: 75-146 Ridge Street
12		0585	Precinct 14: 147-139 Kluge Street;
		3000	175-188 Stanton Street
		0730	Precinct 14: 225-259 Stanton Street;
			Willet Street
		0897	Precinct 15: 5-47 First Avenue; 1-26
			Second Avenue
		1076	Precinct 15: 27-125 Second Avenue
		1161	Precinct 15: 26-192 Second Avenue;
			21-99 Third Avenue
	8		Affidavits and Investigators' Reports
		0003	Precinct 15: 21-99 Third Avenue
			(continued)

Box No.	Roll No.	Frame No.	Roll Contents
13	8	0047	Precinct 15: 100-112 Third Avenue
	(cont.,)	87-135 Fourth Avenue; Avenue A;
			East Broadway
		0133	Precinct 15: 7-15 E. First Street
		0277	Precinct 15: 17-41 E. First Street
		0416	Precinct 15: 43-58 E. First Street
		0527	Precinct 15: 65-86 E. First Street
		0659	Precinct 15: 90-128 E. First Street
14		0778	Precinct 15: 1-25 E. 2nd Street
		0883	Precinct 15: 26-179 E. 2nd Street
		0985	Precinct 15: 180-195 E. 2nd Street
		1109	Precinct 15: 18-230 E. 3rd Street
		1212	Precinct 15: 52-95 E. 4th Street
	9		Affidavits and Investigators' Reports
		0003	Precinct 15: 52-95 E. 4th Street
			(continued)
		0087	Precinct 15: 96-216 E. 4th Street
15		0179	Precinct 15: 226-523 E. 5th Street;
			204-545 E. 6th Street
		0326	Precinct 15: E. 7th and 8th Streets
		0351	Precinct 15: 109-332 E. 9th Street
		0497	Precinct 15: 81-377 E. 10th Street
		0649	Precinct 15: 104-314 E. 11th Street
		0777	Precinct 15: 130-528 E. 12th Street
16		0877	Precinct 15: 113-525 E. 13th Street; 134-148 E. 14th Street
		0925	Precinct 15: 295 Bowery-284 E. Houston Street
		1012	Precinct 15: St. Mark's Place;
			Stuyvesant Street
		1118	Precinct 16: 48 Fourth Avenue-Sixth
		1217	Avenue; Broadway; W. Broadway Precinct 16: 83-161 W. 3rd Street

Box No.	Roll No.	Frame No.	Roll Contents
	10	0003	Affidavits and Investigators' Reports
		0003	Precinct 16: 83-161 W. 3rd Street (continued)
		0036	Precinct 16: E. 4th Street, W. 8th Street, W. 9th Street, E. 10th-E.
		0097	13th Streets Precinct 16: Bleecker, Bowery, Carmine, W. Houston &
17		0191	McDougal Streets Precinct 16: 203 Sullivan Street-245 Wooster Street
		0288	Precinct 17: 64/66 Seventh Avenue-
		0.40.4	214 Seventh Avenue
		0424	Precinct 17: 216 Seventh Avenue-294
		0526	Eighth Avenue Precinct 17: 320-338 Eighth
			Avenue, Tenth Avenue, W. 14th-
		0611	W. 16th Streets
		0011	Precinct 17: W. 17th Street-W. 21st Street
		0778	Precinct 17: W. 22nd Street-W. 25th Street
		0886	Precinct 17: W. 25th Street-W. 28th Street
18		1012	Precinct 18: 371 First Avenue-
		1140	Lexington Avenue & 25th Street Precinct 18: 203 E. 14th Street-145 E. 17th Street
	11		
	11	0003	Affidavits and Investigators' Reports Precinct 18: 285 E. 18th Street-203 E. 22nd Street
		0140	Precinct 18: 225 E. 24th Street-232
19		0253	E. 26th Street Precinct 19: 450-703 Sixth Avenue

Box No.	Roll No.	Frame No.	Roll Contents
	11	0313	Precinct 19: 283-563 Seventh
	(cont.))	Avenue; 1391-1432 Broadway
		0413	Precinct 19: 125 W. 15th Street-117 W. 23rd Street
		0621	Precinct 19: 103 W. 24th Street-144 W. 28th Street
		0755	Precinct 19: 48 E. 29th Street-138 W. 29th Street
		0856	Precinct 19: 109 W. 31st Street-156 W. 32nd Street
20		0969	Precinct 19: 120 W. 33rd Street-164 W. 36th Street
		1052	Precinct 19: 134 W. 37th Street-W.
		1052	41st Street, near Sixth Avenue
		1155	Precinct 20: 320-568 Seventh
			Avenue; 354-416 Eighth Avenue
	12		Affidavits and Investigators' Reports
		0003	Precinct 20: 320-568 Seventh
			Avenue.; 354-416 Eighth Avenue (continued)
		0021	Precinct 20: 418 Eighth Avenue-546
		0021	Eleventh Avenue
		0092	Precinct 20: 245 W. 27th Street-241
		0072	W. 31st Street
		0199	Precinct 20: 210 W. 32nd Street-254 W. 34th Street
21		0316	Precinct 20: 217 W. 35th Street-436
		0.445	W. 38th Street Precinct 20: 206-253 W. 39th Street
		0467	Precinct 20: 206-233 W. 39th Street Precinct 20: 257-444 W. 39th Street
		0545	Precinct 20: 237-444 W. 39th Street Precinct 20: 204-274 W. 40th Street
		0653	Precinct 20: 204-274 W. 40th Street-
		0750	42nd Street & Eleventh Avenue
			42110 Street & Dievendi Arondo

Box No.	Roll No.	Frame No.	Roll Contents
22	12	0833	Precinct 21: 502 Second Avenue
	(cont.)		Precinct 21: 338-625 Third Avenue
	` /	0890	Precinct 21: 150-239 E. 27th Street
		0949	Precinct 21: 212 E. 29th Street
		0965	Precinct 21: 203-350 E. 33rd Street;
			338 E. 34th Street
		1016	Precinct 21: 152-158 E. 42nd Street
23		1049	Precinct 22: 455 W. 42nd Street
		1055	Precinct 22: 156-328 W. 43rd Street
		1217	Precinct 22: 311 W. 44th Street
	13		Affidavits and Investigators' Reports
		0003	Precinct 22: 124-171 W. 45th Street
		0015	Precinct 22: 202-234 W. 46th Street
		0084	Precinct 22: 168-246 W. 47th Street;
			203-406 W. 48th Street
		0147	Precinct 22: 250 W. 51st Street,
			101-102 W. 52nd Street, 116-152
			W. 53rd Street
		0186	Precinct 22: 109-121 W. 56th Street
		0202	Precinct 22: 355-361 W. 58th Street
24		0270	Precinct 22: 328-342 W. 59th Street
24		0364	Precinct 22: 755-1051 Sixth Avenue
		0405	Precinct 22: 740-940 Seventh Avenue
		0446	Precinct 22: 668-988 Eighth Avenue
		0481	Precinct 22: 576 Tenth Avenue
		0489	Precinct 22: 1544-1715 Broadway
		0534	Precinct 24: 145-201 E. 43rd; 234
			E. 47th Street
	1	0555	Precinct 24: 35 W. 43rd Street; 40
			W. 47th Street
	1	0564	Precinct 24: 131-245 E. 51st Street
	(0573	Precinct 24: 103-342 E. 53rd Street;
			142 E. 55th Street; 214 E. 59th Street

Box No.	Roll No.	Frame No.	Roll Contents
	13	0592	Precinct 24: 874 First Avenue
	(cont.)		Precinct 24: 986-1092 Second Avenue
		0612	Precinct 24: 672-1128 Third Avenue
		0635	Precinct 24: 397-411 Lexington Avenue
		0648	Precinct 24: 347 Park Avenue
		0662	Precinct 25: 41-339 E. 59th Street
		0688	Precinct 25: 314-342 E. 62nd Street
		0697	Precinct 25: 330 E. 73rd Street;
			400-416 E. 74th Street; 348 E.
			77th Street
		0724	Precinct 25: 1358-1400 Avenue A
		0746	Precinct 25: 1310 First Avenue
		0752	Precinct 25: 1121-1498 Second Avenue
		0782	Precinct 25: 1015-1283 Third Avenue
25		0849	Precinct 26: 301-349 W. 59th Street
		0897	Precinct 26: 32-41 W. 60th Street; 100 W. 61st Street; 238-246 W. 62nd Street
		0918	Precinct 26: 17-227 W. 63rd Street
		0968	Precinct 26: 19-56 W. 65th Street, 155 W. 66th Street
		1000	Precinct 26: 103 W. 74th Street, 164-202 W. 78th Street
		1020	Precinct 26: 147 W. 82nd Street
		1034	Precinct 26: 48-151 Amsterdam Avenue
		1041	Precinct 26: 1931-1978 Broadway
		1050	Precinct 26: 3 Boulevard
		1059	Precinct 28: E. 81st Street-E. 88th Street

Box No.	Roll No.	Frame No.	Roll Contents
	13 (cont.)	1095	Precinct 28: E. 91st Street-E. 92nd Street
	(00111.)	1109	Precinct 28: 1519-1735 Second Avenue
		1125	Precinct 28: 1389-1505 Third Avenue
		1150	Precinct 28: 1081 Park Avenue
26		1157	Precinct 29: 202-212 E. 97th Street
		1223	Precinct 29: 213-232 E. 97th Street
	14		Affidavits and Investigators' Reports
		0003	Precinct 29: 213-232 E. 97th Street (continued)
		0027	Precinct 29: 234 E. 97th Street
		0095	Precinct 29: 150-210 E. 98th Street
		0150	Precinct 29: 203 E. 99th Street; 228-
			232 E. 100th Street; 152-215 E.
			103rd Street
		0183	Precinct 29: 222 E. 102nd Street
		0222	Precinct 29: 201-230 E. 106th
			Street; 209-235 E. 107th Street;
			161-235 E. 108th Street
27		0294	Precinct 29: 218-334 E. 109th Street
27		0328	Precinct 29: 87-344 E. 110th Street
		0374	Precinct 29: 222-348 E. 111th Street
		0432	Precinct 29: 246-356 E. 112th Street
		0535	Precinct 29: 244-357 E. 113th Street
		0605	Precinct 29: 60-349 E. 114th Street
		0656	Precinct 29: 117-308 E. 115th Street; 317 E. 118th Street
28		0719	Precinct 29: 2030-2084 First Avenue
		0736	Precinct 29: 2155-2218 Second
		0750	Avenue
		0765	Precinct 29: 1571-1982 Third Avenue

Box No.	Roll No.	Frame No.	Roll Contents
	14 (cont.)	0836	Precinct 29: 2009-2103 Third Avenue
	(00,)	0910	Precinct 29: Third Avenue & 115th Street
		0995	Precinct 29: 1501-1816 Lexington Avenue
		1030	Precinct 29: Park Avenue between 110th Street-116th Street
		1037	Precinct 29: 1759 Madison Avenue
		1043	Precinct 29: 1410 Fifth Avenue
29		1060	Precinct 30: 176 W. 95th Street; 101 W. 100th Street; 73 W. 104th Street
		1115	Precinct 30: 74-139 W. 108th Street
		1140	Precinct 30: 212 W. 110th Street
		1150	Precinct 30: 953-981 Columbus Avenue
		1167	Precinct 30: 803-809 Amsterdam Avenue
		1179	Precinct 30: 2832-2839 Broadway
		1186	Precinct 31: 2062-2670 Eighth Avenue
		1227	Precinct 31: St. Nicholas Avenue between 115th & 140th Streets, Convent Avenue between 140th & 141st Streets
	15		Affidavits and Investigators' Reports
		0003	Precinct 31: 2440-2874 Broadway
		0013	Precinct 31: W. 119th Street, W. 120th Street, W. 124th Street
		0031	Precinct 31: 118-256 W. 125th Street
		0058	Precinct 31: W. 126th Street, W. 129th Street
30		0066	Precinct 32: 52-343 E. 117th Street

	Roll	Frame	
No.	No.	No.	Roll Contents
	15	0109	Precinct 32: 74-159 E. 118th Street
	(cont.)		Precinct 32: 112-234 E. 119th Street
		0185	Precinct 32: 124 E. 120th Street,
			247-347 E. 121st Street
		0250	Precinct 32: 331 E. 122nd Street,
			221 E. 123rd Street, 151-242 E.
			124th Street
		0334	Precinct 32: 100-312 E. 125th Street
		0390	Precinct 32: 156-227 E. 126th Street
		0431	Precinct 32: 164-208 E. 127th Street
		0508	Precinct 32: 218-220 E. 128th Street
		0527	Precinct 32: Sylvan Place
		0534	Precinct 32: 2306-2433 Second
		0.00	Avenue
		0582	Precinct 32: 2141-2396 Third Avenue
31		0623	Precinct 32: 1650-1805 Park Avenue
31		0665	Precinct 32: 1841 Madison Avenue
			Precinct 33: Eighth Avenue
		0.602	between 145th & 153rd Streets
	,	0683	Precinct 35: W. 134th Street, E.
	,	0710	135th Street, E. 136th Street
		0712 0724	Precinct 35: 673-679 E. 147th Street
	,	0724	Precinct 35: Third Avenue between
	(0735	142nd & 145th Streets
		9733 9748	Precinct 35: Lincoln Avenue
)755	Precinct 35: St. Ann's Avenue
	,	1133	Precinct 35: 500-640 Southern
	(0764	Boulevard
)775	Precinct 35: Willis Avenue
	,	,,,,	Precinct 36: 2969-3165 Third
	ſ	785	Avenue
	(,,,,,	Precinct 45: Union Street, Hamilton
	ſ	0804	Avenue, Sackett Street
	·	700 4	Precinct 46: 64-77 Flatbush Avenue

Box No.	Roll No.	Frame No.	Roll Contents
	15 (cont.)	0814	Precinct 49: Concord, Court, Smith & State Streets
		0831	Precinct 50: Adams, Heigh, & Nassau Streets
		0854	Brooklyn: Bushwick, Columbia, & Cook Streets
		0880	Brooklyn: De Kalb, Fulton, & Grand Streets
		0896	Brooklyn: Hamilton & High Streets
		0924	Brooklyn: 73-95 Nassau Street
		0937	Brooklyn: Middleton & Pearl Streets
		0956	Brooklyn: Seigel & Throop Streets
		0971	Long Island City: Young and Gale Streets
		0982	Court Squad Precinct
		1000	Odds & Ends, Indefinite Suggestions, etc.
32		1023	Newspaper Clippings, 1900-1901
	16		Newspaper Clippings
		0003	Feb 1901
33		0197	Mar 1901
		0423	Apr 1901
		0591	May 1901
34		0716	Jun 1901
		0805	Jul 1901
		0854	Aug 1901
35		1061	Aug-Sep 1901
	17	0002	Newspaper Clippings Oct 1901
		0003	Oct-Nov 1901
		0131	OCI-140V 1701